Code No: RR221003



## B.Tech II Year - II Semester Examinations, April/May-2012 PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS (Electronics & Instrumentation Engineering)

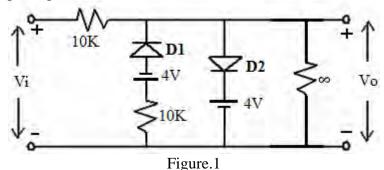
Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

# Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) An inductor does not allow sudden changes in current and a capacitor does not allow sudden changes in voltage. Justify with relevant equations.
  - b) What are the disadvantages of RL linear wave shaping circuit compared to RC circuit?
  - c) A symmetrical square wave of  $\pm 5V$  at a frequency of 5 KHz is applied to a high pass RC circuit with a cut-off frequency of 20 KHz. Sketch the steady state input and output voltage waveforms. Calculate the steady state output voltage levels?

- 2.a) Derive the expression for percentage tilt for a square wave output of RC high pass circuit.
  - b) A voltage signal of 10 sin ωt is applied to the circuit with ideal diodes shown in Figure.1. Estimate the maximum & minimum values of output waveform and maximum current through each diode. Also draw the input-output waveforms with proper explanation. [6+10]



- 3.a) Write a short note on voltage comparators.
  - b) Explain the terms pertaining to transistor switching characteristics.
    i) Rise time.
    ii) Delay time.
    iii) Turn-ON time.
    iv) Storage time.
    v) Fall time.
    vi) Turn-OFF time.
- 4.a) Explain the operation of emitter coupled bistable multivibrator.
- b) Explain how an astable multivibrator can be used as a voltage to frequency converter. [8+8]

- 5.a) Draw and explain the circuit of transistorized Miller sweep generator. Show that the sweep speed for Miller circuits is same as in the case where the capacitor, C charges through a resistor, R directly from the source, V.
  - b) Draw and explain the circuit of transistorized Bootstrap sweep generator. Derive an expression for retrace interval, T<sub>r</sub>. [8+8]
- 6.a) With the help of a circuit diagram and waveforms, explain frequency division of an astable multivibrator with pulse signals.
  - b) Describe synchronization with 2:1 frequency division with neat waveforms. [8+8]
- 7.a) Illustrate the principle of sampling gates with series and parallel switches and compare them.
- b) Explain with circuit diagram the operation of a two input sampling gate which does not have any loading effect on control signal. [8+8]
- 8.a) Compare the diode controlled and RC controlled astable operated blocking oscillator.
  - b) Draw the circuit diagram for Schmitt trigger using transistors and explain its operation. Derive the expressions for UTP and LTP. [8+8]

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b)	Explain the terms pertaining to transistor switching characteristics.			
	i) Rise time.	ii) Delay time.	iii) Turn-ON time.	
	iv) Storage time.	v) Fall time.	vi) Turn-OFF time.	[4+12]

- 2.a) Explain the operation of emitter coupled bistable multivibrator.
- b) Explain how an astable multivibrator can be used as a voltage to frequency converter. [8+8]
- 3.a) Draw and explain the circuit of transistorized Miller sweep generator. Show that the sweep speed for Miller circuits is same as in the case where the capacitor, C charges through a resistor, R directly from the source, V.
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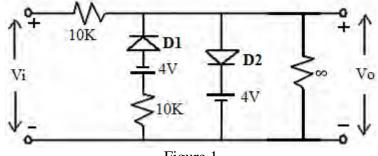


Figure.1

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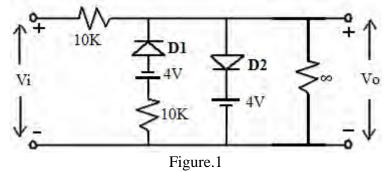
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- 1.a) Draw and explain the circuit of transistorized Miller sweep generator. Show that the sweep speed for Miller circuits is same as in the case where the capacitor, C charges through a resistor, R directly from the source, V.
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- 3.a) Illustrate the principle of sampling gates with series and parallel switches and compare them.
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- 1.a) Illustrate the principle of sampling gates with series and parallel switches and compare them.
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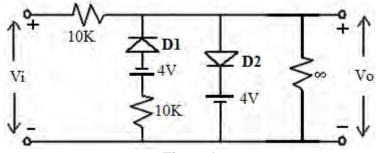


Figure.1

- 5.a) Write a short note on voltage comparators.
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