Time: 3 hours

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 2

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, April/May 2012 BIOTRANSDUCERS AND APPLICATIONS Bio-Medical Engineering

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. (a) Describe the importance of korotkoff sounds for measuring pressure.
 - (b) Explain the method where the pressure is measured with the help of korotkoff sound. [8+8]
- 2. (a) Illustrate with neat sketch that the two point calibration will not reduce the nonlinearities for mid- scale measurements.
 - (b) Define midpoint calibration. Explain the procedure of mid point calibration in measuring system. [8+8]
- 3. With neat circuit diagrams, explain integrator and differentiator circuits needed in telemetry systems. [16]
- 4. (a) Derive the temperature voltage characteristics for a P-N junction diode.
 - (b) Derive the sensitivity relation for thermistor. [8+8]
- 5. What is the physics behind ultrasound waves? An ultrasound wave propagating in human tissue has a frequency of 9.1 MHz calculate the wavelength? [16]
- 6. Discuss about the functioning of a catheter tip electromagnetic intra vascular probe and its electronic system. [16]
- 7. Describe the various types of displacement transducers that can be used in vitro and in vivo. [16]
- 8. Explain the terms CMRR and common mode signal. What are the common mode noise in ECG signal? Explain how an ideal differential amplifier eliminates common mode signal. [16]

Time: 3 hours

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 4

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, April/May 2012 BIOTRANSDUCERS AND APPLICATIONS Bio-Medical Engineering

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. (a) Derive the temperature voltage characteristics for a P-N junction diode.
 - (b) Derive the sensitivity relation for thermistor. [8+8]
- 2. What is the physics behind ultrasound waves? An ultrasound wave propagating in human tissue has a frequency of 9.1 MHz calculate the wavelength? [16]
- 3. With neat circuit diagrams, explain integrator and differentiator circuits needed in telemetry systems. [16]
- 4. Discuss about the functioning of a catheter tip electromagnetic intra vascular probe and its electronic system. [16]
- 5. (a) Illustrate with neat sketch that the two point calibration will not reduce the nonlinearities for mid- scale measurements.
 - (b) Define midpoint calibration. Explain the procedure of mid point calibration in measuring system. [8+8]
- 6. Explain the terms CMRR and common mode signal. What are the common mode noise in ECG signal? Explain how an ideal differential amplifier eliminates commom mode signal. [16]
- 7. (a) Describe the importance of korotkoff sounds for measuring pressure.
 - (b) Explain the method where the pressure is measured with the help of korotkoff sound. [8+8]
- 8. Describe the various types of displacement transducers that can be used in vitro and in vivo. [16]

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 1

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, April/May 2012 BIOTRANSDUCERS AND APPLICATIONS **Bio-Medical Engineering**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. (a) Illustrate with neat sketch that the two point calibration will not reduce the nonlinearities for mid- scale measurements.
 - (b) Define midpoint calibration. Explain the procedure of mid point calibration in measuring system. [8+8]
- 2. Describe the various types of displacement transducers that can be used in vitro and in vivo. [16]
- 3. With neat circuit diagrams, explain integrator and differentiator circuits needed in telemetry systems. [16]
- 4. What is the physics behind ultrasound waves? An ultrasound wave propagating in human tissue has a frequency of 9.1 MHz calculate the wavelength? [16]
- 5. (a) Derive the temperature voltage characteristics for a P-N junction diode.
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- 7. (a) Describe the importance of korotkoff sounds for measuring pressure.
 - (b) Explain the method where the pressure is measured with the help of korotkoff sound. [8+8]
- 8. Discuss about the functioning of a catheter tip electromagnetic intra vascular probe and its electronic system. [16]

Time: 3 hours

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 3

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, April/May 2012 BIOTRANSDUCERS AND APPLICATIONS Bio-Medical Engineering

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. (a) Derive the temperature voltage characteristics for a P-N junction diode.
 - (b) Derive the sensitivity relation for thermistor. [8+8]
- 2. (a) Illustrate with neat sketch that the two point calibration will not reduce the nonlinearities for mid- scale measurements.
 - (b) Define midpoint calibration. Explain the procedure of mid point calibration in measuring system. [8+8]
- 3. Describe the various types of displacement transducers that can be used in vitro and in vivo. [16]
- 4. With neat circuit diagrams, explain integrator and differentiator circuits needed in telemetry systems. [16]
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- 6. What is the physics behind ultrasound waves? An ultrasound wave propagating in human tissue has a frequency of 9.1 MHz calculate the wavelength? [16]
- 7. (a) Describe the importance of korotkoff sounds for measuring pressure.
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