

Code No: 55012

R09

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, February/March - 2016

CONTROL SYSTEMS

(Common to EEE, ECE and ETM)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions  
All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Explain the effect of feedback on system dynamics.  
b) Obtain the transfer function of the mechanical system shown in figure 1. [7+8]

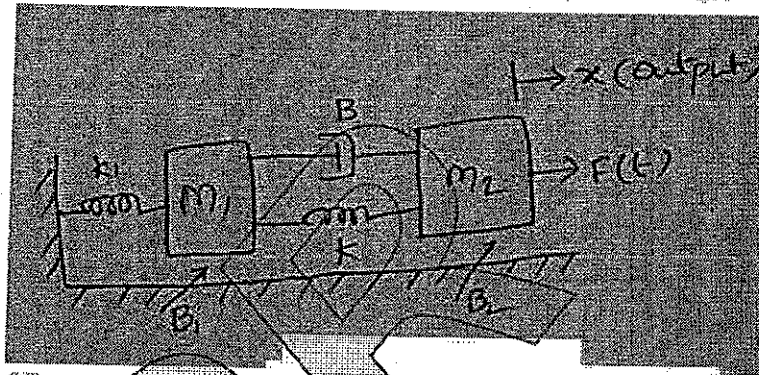


Figure 1

- 2.a) Derive the transfer function of ac servo motor.  
b) For the circuit shown in figure 2, determine the transfer function  $E_o(s)/E_i(s)$  from the signal flow graph. [7+8]

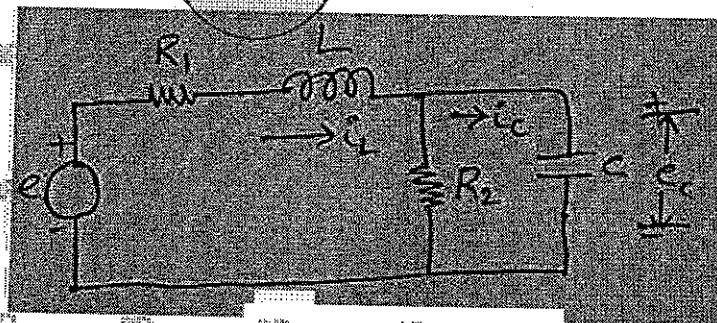


Figure 2

- 3.a) Explain what are PD and PI controllers. Sketch their block diagram form. List the advantages and disadvantages of their use in control systems.  
b) A unity negative feedback control system has  $G(s) = \frac{2(s+8)}{s(s+4)}$ . Determine the closed loop transfer function. Find  $c(t)$  for unit step and unit impulse inputs. Determine the steady state value of  $c(t)$  using the final value theorem. [7+8]

4. A feedback control system has an open loop transfer function  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+3)(s^2+2s+2)}$ . Find the root locus as k is varied from 0 to  $\infty$ .

[15]

5. Sketch the Bode plot for the transfer function  $G(s) = \frac{ks^2}{(1+0.2s)(1+0.02s)}$  and determine the system gain k for the gain cross over frequency to be 5 rad/sec.

[15]

6. Sketch the polar plot of the transfer function  $G(s) = \frac{1}{(1+s)(1+2s)}$ . Determine whether this plot crosses the real axis or not. If so, determine the frequency at which the plot crosses the real axis and the corresponding magnitude of G(s).

[15]

7. Describe the procedure for the design of lag controllers in frequency domain.

[15]

8. Obtain the time response of the following system:  $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$

Where  $u(t)$  is a unit step function occurring at  $t=0$  and  $x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

[15]